

# KENTUCKY NEWS.

We clip the following items from the Hopkinsville South Kentuckian, of the 16th:

Senator Feland's bill incorporating the Hopkinsville Branch Railroad passed the Senate Wednesday.

Dr. A. A. Willits, of Louisville, has been engaged by the Y. M. C. A. to deliver his lecture on Sunshine in this city on the 25th inst.

There will be preaching at the Christian church Wednesday night, followed by the administration of the ordinance of baptism.

Mr. John Mitchell and Miss Amelia Fleming were married at the residence of the bride last Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Prof. B. E. Thom and Miss Emma Hicks, both of Cerulean Springs, were granted license to marry by the county clerk of Trigg county last Tuesday. Both parties have a number of friends.

Prof. Duncan M. Quarles, of Clarksville, has purchased the Peter Anderson place near Howell, and opened a school for boys and girls. It is about two miles from the I. A. & T. road.

A portion of the roof of the old Planters Warehouse, used by Messrs. Eugene Wood and Wm. Cowan for storing grain fell in Saturday evening. About 15,000 bushels of wheat were left in an exposed condition and relays of hands were kept at work night and day, including Sunday, getting it out of danger.

Some scoundrel threw a rock through the window of the north bond through sleeper at 9:35 o'clock Saturday night. The elegant plate glass was broken into fragments, but fortunately the occupant of the berth was not struck by the stone. It is a great pity that Hopkinsville loses so many good citizens while such fellows as the perpetrator of this piece of rascality could be spared so much better.

The Democratic voters of Christian county are requested by the county executive committee to meet at their respective voting precincts on Saturday, Feb. 27, at 2 p. m., and select delegates to a county convention, called to meet at the court house, Monday, Mar. 1, at 1 o'clock p. m., to nominate a ticket for county officers.

The following are from the New Era. Mr. Charley Sneed was married to Miss Paralee Teague, near Mannington, last week.

Mr. J. P. Wilson, of Johnson's, killed a very fine deer during the recent snow.

Mr. John S. Atkinson, while hunting some wild hogs a few days ago, was charged upon by a huge boar, which carried away the entire antler of his breeches. He miraculously escaped further injury by out running the hog.

Mr. Ed. Damon, machine agent, has moved his family to Crofton and has taken up his residence in one of Mr. Ferrill's houses.

Dr. J. D. Clardy, of this county, has been appointed one of the Trustees of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, at Lexington, by Gov. Knott. Dr. Clardy is one of our best and most useful citizens and fully worthy of the appointment.

A RUMOR has been current about the streets for a day or two that something was on foot in regard to the I. A. & T. railroad. A CHRONICLE reporter has been trying to run it down but has not as yet succeeded. There are hints of a new proposition from Major Gordon, and speculation about a scoop by the L. & N. We don't know what is going on, but we hope something substantial will be done toward completing the road.

A COLORED boy, named Dave Jefferson, aged about 14 years, was arrested by Officer Holleman Tuesday for stealing \$5.00 from Mrs. Wilcox, wife of the depot agent. Mrs. Wilcox boards with Mrs. Pettus on Madison street, and the money was taken from a bureau drawer in her room. Every effort was made to induce the boy to return the money before he was given into the custody of the police, but without avail. When arrested he produced \$3.50 from a place where he had it concealed and turned it over to the officer. He was lodged in jail and will be examined before E. G. Bailey this afternoon.

Miss ELOISE GORDON and Miss Emma Wheeler left for their respective homes, in Columbia and Christian county, Wednesday. They were both bright and charming, and their stay in Clarksville added much to the pleasures of society.

A RUNAWAY couple from Auburn, Ky., were married Wednesday by Esq. C. D. Bailey. The bridegroom was Mr. W. A. Proctor and his stolen bride was Miss Annie F. Chick. The ceremony was performed in the rear of Bailey's furniture store.

Miss SAMMIE WALL, of Wallonia, Ky., after a pleasant visit to relations in this county, left for home Tuesday evening.

# FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Chronicle. WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

There have been many rumors during the week of impending Cabinet changes. These rumors are periodic and usually unfounded. The Treasury and Department of Justice are the offices particularly referred to, and in the case of the latter, gossip goes so far as to designate the Attorney-General's successor.

There has been more quiet pressure brought to bear upon the Administration to effect Mr. Garland's removal than the public is aware of. But the President keeps his own counsel, and he is quoted as having intimated to an officious friend, after patiently listening to his suggestion on this subject, that when he desired advice touching his own business, he would ask for it. Besides, Mr. Garland is a proud man, and would not be willing to remain in his present position a day were he not assured of the President's fullest confidence.

As for the Secretary of the Treasury, should he conclude to retire it could scarcely be from dissatisfaction with his position or with the President, or for any dissatisfaction on the part of the President with him, as they have worked in perfect accord together for a longer period than this Presidential term. Mr. Manning has often said, however, that he only entered the Cabinet to assist the President in inaugurating certain reforms. This being done, he had no further object in remaining. He could not desire to make money while holding so important a place as that of the Secretary of the Treasury, and he has often spoken of a settled purpose to retire from public life.

During the present week, Education will be the subject of debate in the Senate and the Fitz John Porter case will be again dragged through the House. Representative Swinburne, of New York, in a speech on the Porter bill, bore testimony, from personal observation, to the jealousies which existed among the officers of the army and said jealousy seemed to him to be one of the fine arts taught at West Point. The findings of the Court martial in the case of Gen. Porter, were, he thought, largely the result of jealousy. He was followed by Mr. Hoak, of Tennessee, who said Porter was guilty of treachery, and ought to have been shot.

The discussions which the Blair Educational bill elicited in the Senate during the last Congress are likely to be repeated in this. The subject was exhaustively considered then, and little that is new can be said upon it now.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, is still in the fore-front of the opposition with a clearer field before him now that Mr. Garland is not there to confuse him. He still argues that the bill cannot find a foothold in the constitution, and that it is an unwarrantable invasion of the States' rights. He does not believe that the whole country should be taxed for the benefit of localities, and he protests that the Government has no more right to make appropriations for the public schools for a State than for its churches or dispensaries.

The Senator said he knew many would reproach him for opposing a measure that seemed to be a great benefit to the people of Alabama but he prayed God he might not falter in giving obedience to the constitution he had sworn to support. His answer to the enlightened people of his State would be that he preferred the spirit of truth, which dieth not, to the body of error even though crowned with jewels, for it's bridal with death.

In the course of these remarks, Senator George, of Mississippi, asked him if Calhoun had not voted for a certain measure. "I don't know," replied the Senator from Alabama, "and with all respect for the memory of Mr. Calhoun, I don't care. Mr. Calhoun voted on both sides of many questions, and voted sincerely every time."

There were two brilliant events at the White House during the past week. The President's third State dinner was held in honor of the Supreme Court, and the first card reception of the winter was given to the Diplomatic Corps. To this both Houses of Congress were invited, besides the officers of the Army and Navy, the judiciary, and various other officials in Washington. The rain poured down in torrents, but it was a carriage reception, and no one attended who did not go in carriages. Congress had been invited only through the papers, as it frequently has been of late years on such occasions, and a number of senators were conspicuous for their absence. One of them remarked that he would not attend even a caucus on such an announcement. He knew the President did not mean any slight, but he was not in favor of carrying Jeffersonian simplicity quite so far.

Waste no time; delays have dangerous ends! If a member of your family is suffering with a slight cough or cold, don't wait until it develops itself into consumption, but procure at once a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and cure that cough.

Children's hats reduced from \$1.50, \$1.25 and \$1.00 at Mrs. Rosenfeld.

# FROM LAFAYETTE.

The Blair Bill for Schools.

To the Chronicle: Education, from time immemorial, has been the truest indication of success and prosperity. In Greece and Italy the natives fostered education to an unlimited degree; all that was necessary to secure increased funds in those ancient kingdoms was to let it be known that it was needed, and immediately the appropriations were made. In those schools were reared some of the brightest intellects that the world has ever known. England has, together with other European states, made culture its standard. We have many brilliant examples in British proficiency to which we can point with honor, and tremble because we have not emulated them. The master-work of the translation of the Bible into English was accomplished in this gigantic nation of savants. The code and laws on which our proud government stands, were promulgated there. Her maps and charts at an early age indicated her unbounded training even in her infancy. And some of the ablest navigators and explorers were of English descent. By increased facilities in culture, she at length has more of the earth's surface, than any other nation in the world, and it is addicted to devotion to the cause of education.

At length "mania" spread through the world, but the interest manifested in waking up the dead faculties of the soul, never reached us, and early in the history of the United States education had a restriction put on it, by Gov. Berkeley, of Virginia. Soon deplorable ignorance was the result, and he was driven by the power which was vested in him, to remove the shackles from what was in the future to be the savior of this grand old commonwealth. The rights of citizens were restored and the State wheeled into line, and is now one of the leading States in education.

In the sixteenth century Massachusetts witnessed the establishment of Harvard College. John Harvard, after whom it was named, did all that he possibly could to make it a repository of knowledge for future generations. It was heavily endowed, and later on the government protected it. Other States made strenuous efforts towards the culture of the youth. Lands were given in the interest of education and diffusion of knowledge. Thus we see what interest has been manifested, and property donated to chartered institutions of learning, and the nation was in its infancy, science was poorly developed, but our ancestors did not relax their spirit for a college in which America might figure prominently in contributing to the world of lore a monument of fame as durable as the pyramids of Egypt. While the politicians, demagogues and office seekers are fussing for the largest loaf, they should be actively engaged in trying to render a more efficient mode of instruction; and instead of pensioning old soldiers, they had better appropriate the money for public schools, and thereby pension the young heroes, who are in the majority, and who have no experience in the broad battle of life.

The writer favors Blair's bill. The hoards of money in the treasury are detrimental to our interests and should be dispensed with. I know of no other way that would be of more benefit than to be expended according to the ratio of illiteracy. Illiteracy has grown to an appalling state in the South. We ought to have ten months of school every year; if there be not a sufficiency of public money to teach ten months, teach as long as we can, then supply the deficiency with cheaper teachers. We must have a compulsory law that will necessarily force parents and guardians to patronize the public schools. We need new books in Tennessee. We teach geology, and it is of no practical benefit to the average pupil. We should dispense with geology, and substitute physiology—it is nature, and we ought to know it. Other important changes could be suggested. We can modify our system, should we get an appropriation from either Blair's or Caldwell's bill. The CHRONICLE, an able organ, always espousing what is right, favors this, and we should instruct our representatives in Congress to use their utmost ability in endeavoring to secure its passage. We also hope that these jack-leg renegades will no longer protest against its passage. They think it might be unconstitutional; well, we think it is not, and we have Kent in one hand and the code in the other.

DEMOSTHENES, LaFayette, Ky., Feb. 16, 1886.

The Fortune of No. 19 St. Charles Street.

Yesterday at noon a reporter for the *Enterprise* met in the reception room of the Louisiana State Lottery Company's office Mr. Leon Marthe, the well-known proprietor of No. 19 St. Charles street. He had called to transact a little business, and taking out his pocket-book he displayed a lottery ticket which was stamped 69,255, one-tenth of the First Capital Prize in Dec. 16 Drawing—one-tenth of \$150,000, or \$15,000 for one dollar.—N. O. *Tribune*, Dec. 19.

A predicament.—Two o'clock in the morning—sleet on the sidewalk—baby got the croup, and no Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house.

Ladies! If you have not purchased a cloak for this season call on Isaac Rosenfeld and get one at cost.

Hurrah, everybody can find the right goods at the right place and that place is Hendrick's China Store.

Men's, youths' and boys overcoats to be sold at cost at Isaac Rosenfeld's.

Flannels and flannel dress goods at New York cost at Isaac Rosenfeld's.

Bronze Turkeys. Full blood Mammoth Bronze Turkeys (extra large.) For sale by

C. P. WARFIELD, Clarksville, Tenn.

Mr. A. P. W., of Hampton, Ga., has recently emerged from one of the most remarkable cases of Blood Poison on record. His body and limbs had no less than four hundred small ulcers; his bones tormented him with pains; his appetite failed; his kidneys presented frightful symptoms; and all doctors and 100 bottles of the most popular Blood Poison remedy failed to give him any relief. He secured B. B. B., the concentrated quick cure, and five bottles healed the ulcers, relieved all pain, cured his kidneys, restored his appetite and made him a healthy and happy man. Any one can secure his full name and correspond with him.

From Corbendale.

To the Chronicle: Mr. F. M. Dilling has an old gander that mated with a scalding kettle last year, and stayed by it until nearly starved. When the kettle was removed the gander "took up" with Mr. Dilling, and has been his constant companion ever since.

At an officer's sale near here last week a lot of corn sold for \$1.45 per barrel. The price must be advancing.

Esq. W. B. Dunbar lost a fine mule Monday from blind staggers.

Mrs. P. F. Buckingham died on the 13th inst of consumption. No. 19.

The latest patent is on a Razor, that is guarded in such a way that it is impossible to cut your face, yet it shaves with perfect ease, it is quite a curiosity and well worth seeing. Just call on Geo. Hendrick and ask him to show it to you.

**L. S. L.**  
Capital Prize, \$150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith towards all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

*J. T. Beauregard*  
*J. T. Early*  
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

J. H. OGLESBY,  
Pres. Louisiana National Bank.  
SAMUEL H. KENNEDY,  
Pres. State National Bank.  
A. BALDWIN,  
Pres. New Orleans National Bank.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!  
Over Half a million Distributed!

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1888 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 20 A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. "It never scales or postpones." Look at the following Distribution:

10th Grand Monthly Drawing

EXTRAORDINARY QUARTERLY DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, March 16, 1886.

Under the personal supervision and management of

Gen. G. T. Beauregard, of La., and

Gen. Jubal A. Early, of Virginia.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

Notice—Tickets are \$10 only. Halves \$5. Fifths, \$2. Tenths \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$150,000... \$150,000  
1 GRAND PRIZE OF 50,000... 50,000  
1 GRAND PRIZE OF 20,000... 20,000  
2 LARGE PRIZES OF 10,000... 20,000  
4 LARGE PRIZES OF 5,000... 20,000  
20 PRIZES OF 1,000... 20,000  
50 do 500... 25,000  
100 do 200... 20,000  
200 do 100... 20,000  
500 do 50... 25,000  
1000 do 25... 25,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of \$300... \$30,000  
100 " " 100... 10,000  
100 " " 50... 5,000  
2,279 Prizes amounting to... \$522,000

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly giving full address. **POSTAL NOTES**, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (all sums) of \$5 and upwards at our expense addressed to M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

# THEY ARE HERE.

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## THE NEW SHAPE

—IN—

### Men's Stiff Hats for 1886!

—|AT|—

## Stratton's Shoe Store!

## Merchant Tailor!

—For Fashionable Suits and Tailor Made Clothing go to—

## C. UMSCHIED,

He keeps on hand a large assortment of English, French and American suitings, and fancy pant patterns.

Shop over Ligon's Confectionery—Tutt's old stand.

JAS. S. PARRISH. W. FRANK BUCKNER. D. WALKER WILLIAMS.

## PARRISH, BUCKNER & CO.,

## Tobacco Salesmen

—AND—

## COMMISSION MERCHANTS,



## Elephant Warehouse,

## CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

JAMES T KENNEDY, Book Keeper

Unless we have written instructions to the contrary, all Tobacco will be insured until sold.

LIBERAL ADVANCE ON CONSIGNMENT.

## W. A. SETTLE

Has bought out E. H. Wilkinson, and reopened a Grocery Store at his old stand on Franklin Street. A fresh, choice and select stock of

## STAPLE AND FANCY

## GROCERIES!

Old customers and the public generally are invited to call. The Grocery will be run in connection with the Anchor Mills.

## HOUSE OF CORNELIUS

DEALERS IN

Stoves, Tinware, Queensware, Glassware, Roofing, Guttering,

## JOB WORK AT LOW PRICES.

NEXT DOOR TO CHRONICLE OFFICE.

Respectfully,

## C. MEHIGAN & CO.